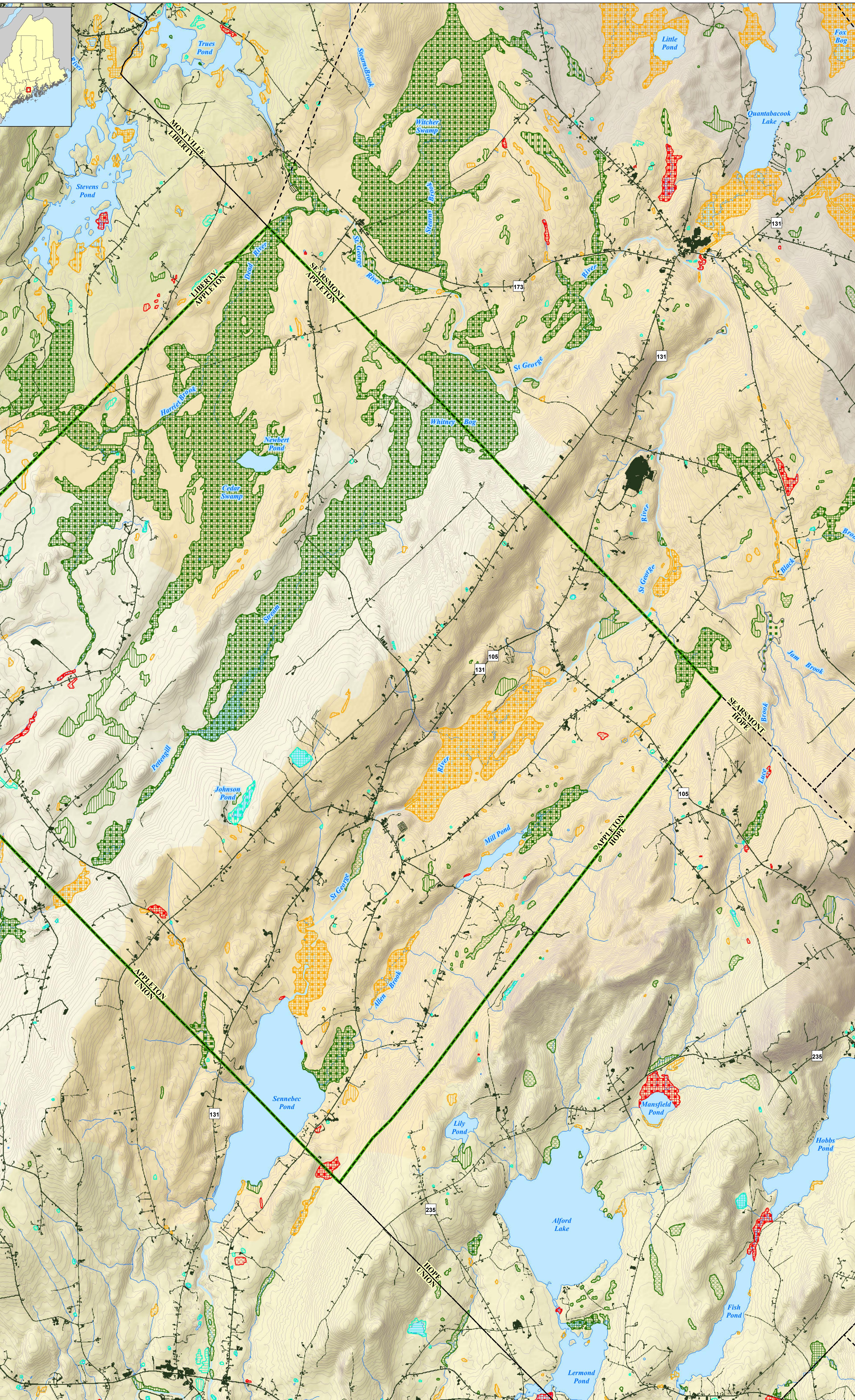


Supplementary Map 7

**Wetlands Characterization**

**Appleton**

This map is non-regulatory and is intended for planning purposes only.



**LEGEND**

This map depicts all wetlands shown on National Wetland Inventory (NWI) maps, but categorized them based on a subset of wetland functions. This map and its depiction of wetland features neither substitute nor eliminate the need to perform on-the-ground wetland delineation and functional assessment. In no way shall use of this map diminish or alter the regulatory protection that all wetlands are accorded under applicable State and Federal laws. For more information about wetlands characterization contact Elizabeth Hertz at the Maine Department of Conservation (207-287-8061, elizabeth.hertz@maine.gov).

The Wetlands Characterization model is a planning tool intended to help identify likely wetland functions associated with significant wetland resources and adjacent uplands. Using GIS analysis, this map provides basic information regarding what ecological services various wetlands are likely to provide. These ecological services, each of which has associated economic benefits, include: floodflow control, sediment retention, finfish habitat, and/or shellfish habitat. There are other important wetland functions and values not depicted in this map. Refer to [www.maine.gov/dep/water/wetlands/pwefv2.html](http://www.maine.gov/dep/water/wetlands/pwefv2.html) for additional information regarding wetland functions and values. Forested wetlands and small wetlands such as vernal pools are known to be underrepresented in the National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) data used to create this map. The model developed to estimate the functions provided by each wetland could not capture every wetland function or value. Therefore, it is important to use local knowledge and other data sources when evaluating wetlands, and each wetland should be considered relative to the whole landscape/watershed when assessing wetland resources at a local level.

Dashed line: Organized Township Boundary

Dotted line: Unorganized Township

Green box: Selected Town or Area of Interest

Black box: Developed: Impervious surfaces including buildings and roads

**Subwatersheds**- The shaded, background polygons are subwatersheds (areas that drain to a particular lake, pond, river, stream, or the ocean). The subwatersheds are shaded to show topographic relief. This "hillshading" assumes the sun is shining from the northwest, so ridges and northwest-facing slopes appear light, whereas areas and southeast-facing slopes appear dark. Because many areas of Maine are relatively flat, the topographic relief shown here has been exaggerated to make the details easier to see.

**Wetland Functions: Fill Pattern**

Some wetlands may have more than one function (fill pattern)

**RUNOFF / FLOODFLOW ALTERATION**  
Wetlands provide natural stormwater control capabilities. As natural basins in the landscape, wetlands are able to receive, detain, and slowly release stormwater runoff. Wetland shelves along stream banks naturally regulate flood waters by providing an area for swollen stream flows to expand and slow, thereby protecting downstream properties. This map assigns Runoff/Floodflow Alteration Functions to wetlands that are (a) contained in a known flood zone, (b) associated with a surface water course or waterbody, and (c) with slope < 3%.

**AND/OR**

**EROSION CONTROL / SEDIMENT RETENTION**  
Wetlands act as natural sponges that can hold water, allowing suspended particles such as sediment to settle out. The dense vegetation in most wetlands helps to stabilize soil and slow water flows, thereby reducing scouring and bank erosion. This map assigns Erosion Control / Sediment Retention functions to wetlands with (a) slope < 3%, (b) emergent vegetation; and (c) close proximity to a river, stream, or lake.

**FINFISH HABITAT**

Wetlands with documented finfish populations, including wetlands adjacent to a stream, pond, or lake.

**ANGLER**

**SHELLFISH HABITAT**  
Intertidal wetlands and streams can directly affect the status of coastal shellfish harvest areas. Fecal coliform bacteria and waterborne nutrients resulting from land use changes away from the coast can travel via surface water to harvestable flats. One failed septic system near a stream could close a mudflat several miles away. Excessive nutrients can reduce water clarity and stimulate epiphytic growth that degrades eelgrass meadows. Conservation of freshwater wetlands and stream buffers in coastal watersheds is a key component in marine resource conservation. This map assigns a Shellfish Habitat function to wetlands within 0.5 miles of (a) identified shellfish habitat, (b) identified shellfish closure areas, or (c) mapped eelgrass beds OR palustrine wetlands directly connected by a stream of < 0.5 mile in length to (a) identified shellfish habitat, (b) identified shellfish closure areas, or (c) mapped eelgrass beds.

**PLANT/ANIMAL HABITAT**

Nearly all wildlife species, and many of Maine's plant species, depend on wetlands during some part of their life cycle. For the purposes of this map, wetlands containing open water or emergent vegetation, 3 or more wetland vegetation classes (see below), and within ¼ mile of a known rare, threatened, or endangered plant or animal occurrence, within ¼ mile of a mapped significant essential habitat, or within ¼ mile of a rare or exemplary natural community have been assigned this function. Rare element occurrences and mapped habitats can be found on Map 2 High Value Plant & Animal Habitats.

**OTHER FUNCTIONS**

**CULTURAL/EDUCATIONAL** Wetlands within ¼ mile of a boat ramp or school have been assigned this value as these wetlands are likely candidates for use as outdoor classrooms, or similar social benefit. Wetlands rated for other functions listed above may also demonstrate cultural/educational values although not expressly shown.

**OR**

**NO DOCUMENTED FUNCTION** The basis of this characterization is high altitude aerial photos. Photo quality often limits the information that can be interpreted from small wetland features, or those with dense canopy cover. Although not assigned a function under this study, ground surveys may reveal that these wetlands have multiple functions and values.

**Wetland Class: Fill Color**

- Aquatic Bed (floating or submerged aquatic vegetation), Open Water
- Emergent (herbaceous vegetation), Emergent/Forested Mix (woody vegetation >20 ft tall), Emergent/Shrub-Scrub Mix (woody vegetation <20 ft tall)
- Forested, Forested/Shrub-scrub
- Shrub-scrub
- Other (rocky shore, streambed, unconsolidated shore, reef, rocky bottom)

National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) maps (the basis of wetlands shown on this map) are interpreted from high altitude photographs. NWI Wetlands are identified by vegetation, hydrology, and geography in accordance with "Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats" (FWS-79/31, Dec 1979). The aerial photographs document conditions for the year they were taken. There is no attempt, in either the design or products of this inventory, to define the limits of proprietary jurisdiction of any Federal, State, or local government. NWI maps depict general wetland locations, boundaries, and characteristics. They are not a substitute for on-ground, site-specific wetland delineation.

**Data Sources**

**DATA SOURCE INFORMATION**

(note: italicized file names can be downloaded from Maine Office of GIS)

**TOWNSHIP BOUNDARIES**

Maine Office of GIS (2015); metwp24

**ROADS**

Maine Office of GIS, Maine Department of Transportation (2015); medotp24

**HYDROLOGY**

Maine Office of GIS, U.S. Geological Survey (2010); NHD

**DEVELOPED**

Maine Office of GIS, Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife (2015)

**NATIONAL WETLANDS INVENTORY (NWI)**

Maine Office of GIS (2015); NWI

**DRAINAGE DIVIDES**

Maine Office of GIS (2015); medrdiv4

**DATA SOURCE CONTACT INFORMATION**

Maine Office of GIS: <http://www.maine.gov/megis/>

Maine Department of Transportation: <http://www.maine.gov/mdot/>

Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry: <http://www.maine.gov/dacf/planning/index.html>

Maine Geological Survey: <http://www.maine.gov/doc/nrimc/mgs/mgs.htm>

**DIGITAL DATA REQUEST**

To request digital data for a town or organization, visit our website.

[http://www.beginningwithhabitat.org/the\\_maps/gis\\_data\\_request.html](http://www.beginningwithhabitat.org/the_maps/gis_data_request.html)

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